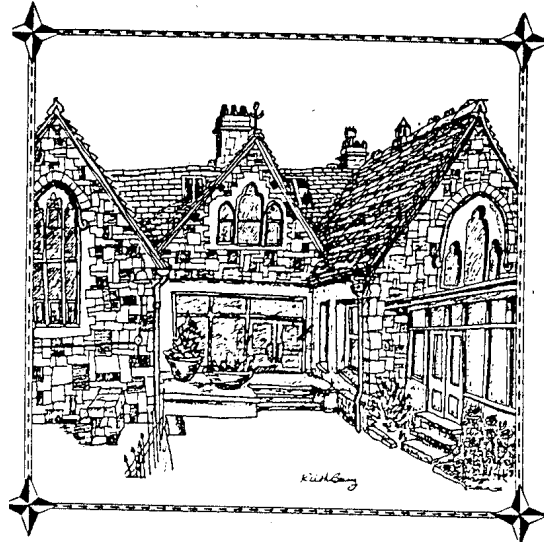


Dunster First School



Supporting Children at School with Medical Conditions

Person responsible - Headteacher

Reviewed June 2016

The Headteacher is responsible for updating the policy and ensuring all staff are aware of the policy.

- 1. Children with Medical Conditions Policy**
 - a. The aim of the policy is to ensure that all children, including those with medical conditions can continue to enjoy learning, friendships and play.
 - b. Parents have the prime responsibility for their child's health and are required to provide the school (via the Headteacher) with information about their child's medical condition before they are admitted to the school, or as soon as the child first develops a particular medical need.

- 2. Pupils with Short - Term Medical Needs**
 - a. If children are unwell and unable to cope with a busy school day or if the child has an infectious or contagious condition they should not be sent to school. If they become ill during the day, parents/carers will be contacted by the school office in order that the child can be taken home.
 - b. Many children will need to take medicines during the day at some time during their time in school. This will usually be for a short period only, perhaps to finish a course of prescribed antibiotics. Where possible doses should be given before or after school, however medicines may be brought into school if it would be detrimental to the child not to do so. Medicines should be brought to school in the original containers with the labels attached.
 - c. Parents should inform the school (using the forms available from the school office) about the medicines that their child needs to take and provide details of any further support required.

- 3. Responsibility for administering prescribed medication**
 - a. The school will ensure that there are sufficient members of support staff who are employed, appropriately trained and willing to manage medicines. The type of training necessary will depend on the individual case. If they are in doubt about any procedure, staff will not administer the medicines but will check with the parents or a health professional before taking further action.

- 4. Record-keeping**
 - a. Staff will complete and sign a record each time they give medicine to a child. Both current and completed records are filed in the "Medicine File", which is kept in the School Business Manager's office.

- 5. Refusal to take medicine**
 - a. If a child refuses to take medicine, staff will not force them to do so, but will note this in the records and inform parents of the refusal immediately.
 - b. If a refusal to take medicines results in an emergency, then the usual emergency procedures will be followed.

- 6. Storage of medication**
 - a. All emergency medicines, such as asthma inhalers and adrenaline pens, will

be safely stored and will be readily available. They will not be locked away and where children are considered safely able to take care of their own medicines they will be supported to do so.

- b. Some medicines need to be refrigerated. These will be kept in and access will be restricted to the refrigerator holding medicines.

7. Absence from school for more than 15 days

- a. Children with medical needs may be unable to attend school for many reasons relating to their condition and in this event the school will make arrangements to link the child to suitable learning opportunities and will facilitate their links with other children so that friendships are sustained

8. Pupils with Long Term or Complex Medical Needs

- a. Where a child's needs are particularly complex and could affect their ability to access the full curriculum or participate in other areas of school life, then special arrangements will be made. The PIMS Team and SENITAS may be contacted to support any adaptations to the curriculum.
- b. In some cases this might take the form of dedicated adult support, at certain times of the school day. Alternatively, the child's needs could be such that modifications to the learning environment and /or the provision of specialist aids will need to be considered.

9. Individual Health Care Plans

- a. A written, individual health care plan will be developed where needed, to clarify for staff, parents and the child, the support that will be provided and what training may be required. This will include:
 - i details of the child's medical condition
 - ii any medication
 - iii daily care requirements
 - iv action to be taken in an emergency
 - v parents/carers details including emergency contact numbers
- b. Those who may contribute to a health care plan include:
 - The school nurse, specialist nurses, children's community nurses, the child's GP or other health care professionals (depending on the level of support the child needs)
 - The parents/ carers (and the child, if appropriate)
 - The Head teacher and SENCo./SEN Manager
 - The class teacher , care assistant or teaching assistant
 - Support staff who are trained to administer medicines or trained in emergency procedures.
- c. It is good practice to have a health care plan endorsed by a health care professional and in many cases it is essential to do so.
- d. The school will agree with parents how often they should jointly review a

health care plan. The timing of this will depend on the nature of the child's particular needs. In most cases this will take place at the start of each school year; however, some plans will need to be reviewed more frequently depending on individual needs.

- e. Healthcare plans and training are not transferable, even when children have the same condition.

10. **Training**

- a. If school staff need to be trained to administer medical procedures the school will contact the relevant health care professional. Parents cannot be responsible for leading this training but parents and children will be asked to participate in the training and give advice and guidance on how they prefer things to be done.
- b. Parents and school staff cannot cascade training that they have received when the training is specific to an individual child.
- c. School staff who have been trained are responsible for following and delivering the health care plan and if the child's condition alters they will contact an appropriate professional and the parents, making them aware of the change and requesting further training if needed or an alteration to the plan
- d. School staff will request further training when needed, and professional updates at least once a year.
- e. Staff who have been trained in the child's care are responsible for following the procedures in children's care plans as they have been trained to do.
- f. The Headteacher will liaise with health care professionals and the trained staff to support and facilitate training refreshers and updates as needed.
- g. Individual staff are responsible for identifying and communicating any changes that they notice in the child's care needs. The SENCo will inform parents and health care professionals in writing and discuss whether further training is needed.

11. **Communicating Needs**

- a. A confidential file containing photographs of pupils with medical needs, together with outlines of their medical condition and action to be taken, is available to all teaching and support staff and is kept in the Headteacher's office.
- b. Health Care Plans for individual children are also kept in the cupboard in the front lobby where they are accessible to all staff involved in caring for the child.

- c. Further copies and full medical records are stored in the child's personal file.

12. Educational visits (see also school's Trips Policy)

- a. Visits and school residential trips will be planned so that pupils with medical needs can participate and reasonable adjustments will be made as appropriate to ensure that they are not discriminated against. If a risk assessment indicates that it is not safe for the pupil to participate in part of the experience because of their condition, then reasonable adjustments will be made and an alternative experience will be provided to ensure that they are enabled to join in the curriculum surrounding the trip.
- b. Staff supervising excursions and residential trips will always make sure that they are aware of any medical needs, and relevant emergency procedures. Parents of children participating in residential trips will need to complete required consent forms giving details of all medical/dietary needs. All medication or equipment which needs to be administered during the course of the visit should be handed directly to the class teacher before leaving the school at the start of the trip.
- c. If a child has complex medical needs, a copy of the individual health care plans will be taken on visits. Staff will always carry a mobile telephone enabling them to contact the school in an emergency.
- d. Arrangements for taking any necessary medicines will be made and if necessary an additional member of the support staff, or an appropriate volunteer might be needed to accompany a particular child. Children's parents will not be required to accompany their own children on school trips.
- e. If there is any concern about whether the school is able to provide for a child's safety, or the safety of other children on a visit, then parents will be consulted and medical advice sought from the school health service or the child's GP.

13. Sporting Activities

- a. All children with medical conditions will be encouraged to participate as fully as possible in physical activities and extra-curricular sport. For many, physical activity can benefit their overall social, mental and physical health and well-being. Staff will be sensitive to their individual needs and sufficient flexibility will be incorporated into the lesson planning for all children to be included in ways appropriate to their own abilities.
- b. Any restrictions on a child's ability to participate in PE will be recorded in their individual health care plan. This will include a reference to any issues of privacy and dignity for children with particular needs.
- c. Some children may need to take precautionary measures before or during

exercise, and may also need to be allowed immediate access to their medicines such as asthma inhalers.

14. Insurance

This is a maintained school. The governing body will ensure that appropriate level of insurance is in place and appropriately reflects the level of risk. We link to the local authority as employers who are responsible for insurance arrangements of LA schools and their employees.

Conditions in School - Checklist for Headteachers/Governors

Pupils at school with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education.

Boards of Governors **must** ensure that arrangements are in place in schools to support pupils at school with medical conditions.

Boards should ensure that school leaders consult health and social care professionals, pupils and parents to ensure that the needs of children with medical conditions are effectively supported.

Use the checklist below to evaluate the school's position in respect of supporting children with medical conditions in school.	Action required	No Action Required
Do you have a policy in place which matches the standards in the Guidance for Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions in School? (DfE April 2014)		
Does the policy clearly identify roles and responsibilities in supporting pupils with medical conditions in school?		
Is a named person responsible for updating the policy?		
Is a named person responsible for ensuring all staff are aware of the policy?		
Is a clear procedure followed when the school is informed that a pupil has a medical condition?		
Is there an Individual Health Care Plan in place for each pupil with a medical condition?		
Are staff suitably trained to support pupils with medical conditions?		
Do staff take responsibility for identifying their own training needs and are they supported to do so?		
Do you know which professionals should be involved in the delivery of training to meet the needs of pupils with medical conditions at your school?		
Are all staff aware of the procedures in place for the administration of prescription medication?		
Do staff use the forms from the guidance for recording training and interventions? E.g. Individual Health Care Plans.		
Are children who are competent to do so, encouraged and supported to manage their own medicines and health care needs?		
Are there clear procedures about managing medicines safely on school premises?		
Are arrangements in place for dealing with medical emergencies?		
Are children with medical conditions supported to participate in school trips, visits and sporting activities?		
Are policies in place to prevent unacceptable practices? (See guidance p19)		
Have you informed insurers about medical interventions your staff are undertaking?		